



**Ormiston Academies Trust** 

# Ormiston Sudbury Academy Behaviour policy

## Policy version control

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## 1. Introduction

- 1.1. The main purpose of the Behaviour Policy is to ensure that all children are safe and that academies create a culture where everyone is supported to have positive behaviour. All children should be able to learn in environments that are calm, safe and supportive and are free from disruption. All OAT academies are committed to inclusivity and implementing strategies that reduce bias and support individual children's needs. Where 'parent' is used in this policy this should be taken to include guardian or carer.
- 1.2. Excellent behaviour is achieved through a positive and consistent academy culture, underpinned by a commitment to OAT's four values:
- Anyone can excel
- Enjoy the challenge
- Share what is best
- Be inclusive
- 1.3. These are further reflected through Ormiston Sudbury Academy's core values:
- Ambition
- Respect
- Endeavour

# 2. Principles of behaviour and belonging

2.1. Our three principles of behaviour and belonging underpin everything we do as an academy. They reflect our commitment to fostering an inclusive, respectful, and supportive environment where every child can thrive. We believe that a positive school culture is the foundation for academic success and personal growth, and it is through shared norms, compassionate interactions, and clear expectations that we create a space where all students feel they belong.

## 2.2. Principle 1 – Always a reason

- 2.2.1. Rules and routines at Ormiston Academies create disruption free learning in safe, calm environments in which children work hard and are successful.
- 2.2.2. Rewards and sanctions promote positive norms and support the inclusion of all children in the school community. Rules and routines create a sense of belonging and create positive school experiences. They support children in achieving useful outcomes of which they can be proud.
- 2.2.3. At Ormiston Sudbury Academy everyone understands upholding shared behavioural norms is a collective responsibility and that a school's culture is an expression of all its members.

## 2.3. Principle 2 – Positive regard

2.3.1. Ormiston Sudbury Academy believe all children can behave well with the right support.



- 2.3.2. Every child is treated positively. Interactions between members of a school community are characterised by respect and warmth. Adults are compassionate especially when behaviour is challenging, because they understand children do not arrive at school with the same understanding of appropriate behaviour.
- 2.3.3. Children who struggle the most receive the highest levels of support, and schools focus on finding causes of poor behaviour and addressing these, not excusing or explaining them away. Support is characterised by its proactivity Ormiston Sudbury Academy staff aim to find solutions before children reach crisis.

## 2.4. Principle 3 – Clear is kind

2.4.1. At Ormiston Sudbury Academy, children are explicitly taught rules and routines in a sequenced behaviour curriculum encompassing all aspects of school life, including extra-curricular activities and the journey to and from school. All children understand how to be successful. Children at Ormiston Sudbury Academy know what is expected of them and what happens when they meet or do not meet these expectations.

# 3. Legislation, statutory requirements and statutory guidance

- 3.1. This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:
- Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2024
- Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools 2022
- The Equality Act 2010
- <u>Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024</u>
- Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023
- <u>Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies, and pupil referral units in</u> England, including pupil movement 2024
- Working together to improve school attendance 2024
- Use of reasonable force in schools
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school
- Mental health and behaviour in schools
- Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice.
- Relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education

## 4. Related OAT policies

- Attendance
- Allegations of Abuse Against Staff
- Anti-bullying
- Child Protection and Safeguarding
- Equality and diversity
- Searching, screening and confiscation



- SEND
- Staff Code of conduct
- Suspension and Exclusion
- Whistleblowing
- Uniform

# 5. Leadership and management

### 5.1. Trustees and governors

5.1.1. Trustees are responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Behaviour Policy across the trust.

#### 5.1.2. Trustees will:

- hold the Executive Team to account for the successful implementation of the policy, including ensuring that there is no discipline disparity between any groups of children, especially those with protected characteristics
- 5.1.3. The local governing body in each academy is responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Behaviour Policy in the academy
- 5.1.4. Governors will:
  - hold the principal to account for the successful implementation of the policy, including ensuring that there is no discipline disparity between any groups of children, especially those with protected characteristics

### 5.2. Principal

- 5.2.1. The principal is responsible for setting and maintaining the behaviour culture of the academy and ensuring that all staff and children feel safe and supported.
- 5.2.2. The principal will:
  - ensure that the academy has high expectations of children's conduct and behaviour, ensuring clear routines and rules, and that this is understood and applied consistently and fairly by all staff
  - aim to prevent all forms of bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying, harassment, violence and aggression
  - together with the leadership team, be highly visible in the academy to engage with children, staff and parents and promote high standards of behaviour
  - ensure that all staff are successfully inducted into the academy's behaviour culture and systems, and will make sure that all staff receive regular high-quality training on behaviour guidance, routines and strategies
  - ensure all staff act as positive role models for behaviour with high standards of personal and professional conduct



- ensure that safeguarding and child protection concerns are identified effectively, and children are offered support rather than sanctions when appropriate
- ensure parents are aware of the academy's expectations and wherever possible, partner with them to understand and support any behavioural issues
- regularly seek 'children's voice' to understand the views and experiences of behaviour in the academy
- regularly review behaviour data and take any necessary steps to eliminate discrimination, reduce bias and ensure compliance with equality law
- ensure the behaviour curriculum, including expectations, routines and rules are explicitly taught to children, and understood by all
- Ensure children receive education on positive healthy relationships in all contexts, including online and offline relationships, so they can identify prejudice, discrimination and bullying

## 5.3. Teachers

- 5.3.1. Teachers are responsible for managing behaviour effectively to ensure a calm and safe learning environment for all children<sup>1</sup>
- 5.3.2. Teachers will:
  - have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the behaviour policy and agreed teaching and learning routines
  - have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
  - maintain consistent standards of behaviour in the classroom while ensuring reasonable adjustments are made by balancing fairness with flexibility

## 5.4. All staff

5.4.1. All staff are responsible for implementing measures in the behaviour policy to secure excellent standards of behaviour

#### 5.4.2. All staff will:

- model and maintain positive relationships with children, so that they can see examples of good behaviours and feel confident to ask for help when needed
- uphold the whole academy approach to behaviour by modelling and teaching routines, values and standards in every interaction<sup>2</sup>

<sup>2</sup> See part 2 of the Teachers' Standards which outlines the high standards of personal and professional conduct expected of teachers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> DfE Teachers' Standards: see Teacher Standard 7 (https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teachers-standards)



 address misbehaviour swiftly and act decisively when behaviour, including the use of discriminatory language, falls below the expected standards

## 5.5. Children

- 5.5.1. Children will:
  - be made aware of the academy's behaviour standards, expectations, rewards and sanctions
  - receive an age-appropriate induction process, including those who are admitted mid-year, that familiarises them with the academy's behaviour culture, rules and routines
  - receive regular and explicit teaching of behaviour expectations throughout the academic year
  - be educated about healthy relationships in all contexts, both online and offline, and to understand their rights and responsibilities regarding their behaviour
  - be made aware of the pastoral support that is available to them to help them meet the behavioural standards
  - be asked about their experiences of the behaviour culture to support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of the behaviour policy

### 5.6. Parents

5.6.1. Parents are responsible for working in partnership with the academy to support and reinforce the behaviour policy.

#### 5.6.2. Parents will:

- promote a positive culture of behaviour and celebrate their child's successes and achievements
- get to know the academy's behaviour policy and reinforce the ethos and values of the policy with their child when necessary
- support their child in adhering to the academy's behaviour policy
- inform the academy of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour
- discuss any behavioural concerns with relevant staff promptly via the form tutor in the first instance.
- take part in any pastoral work following misbehaviour (for example: attending reintegration meetings or reviews of specific behaviour interventions)
- raise any concerns about the management of behaviour with the academy directly via the Head of Year.

# 6. Behaviour curriculum

- 6.1. All OAT academies want children to feel confident and curious and to behave compassionately to those around them. These qualities should be nurtured and modelled by all staff. Staff can reinforce the behaviour curriculum in every interaction they have with children by:
- Modelling what positive relationships look like, in their interactions with all members of the academy community
- Acknowledging and praising behaviour that meets the expected standard



- Giving children clear reminders about what the consequences of their actions will be if they don't meet behavioural expectations
- Being clear and consistent in the use of sanctions
- 6.2. Children will also be taught explicitly and regularly about behaviour through PSHE, SMSC activities, assemblies, form time and (in some cases) through direct intervention work.
- 6.3. Any children who join mid-term will be given information about the academy behaviour system and their understanding of this will be monitored by their form tutor and Head of Year.

## 7. Behaviour expectations

7.1. In Ormiston Sudbury Academy, children are expected to adhere to the Behaviour for Learning expectations and meet the academy Core Values on a day to day basis:

#### 7.2.

- Be ready to learn
  - Be on time to school and to all lessons
  - Dress in full school uniform
  - Be responsible for your own learning
  - Be respectful
    - Respect yourself, others and your environment
    - Be polite, kind and considerate
    - Listen to others and expect to be listened to
- Be safe
  - Move quietly and calmly around the academy
  - Eat and drink in appropriate places
  - Be in the right place at the right time

#### See appendix 1

## 8. Safeguarding

- 8.1. The academy recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a child is in need of help or protection. All staff should maintain professional curiosity and proactively consider whether a child's behaviour, including misbehaviour, may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.
- 8.2. Any safeguarding or child protection concerns must be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) immediately, using CPOMS. The DSL, after liaising with appropriate staff or other agencies, will determine whether early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.



## 9. Behaviour expectations and SEND

- 9.1. All students, including those with SEND, are expected to adhere to the academy's behaviour expectations and routines. However, the academy recognises that students with SEND may need differentiated support to meet these expectations effectively.
- 9.2. Reasonable adjustments will be made for students with SEND where their disability impacts behaviour. This may include tailored interventions, additional support, or alternative methods of communication to help them understand and meet behavioural expectations.
- 9.3. Individual Behaviour Plans (IBP): For some students with SEND, an Individual Behaviour Plan may be developed in collaboration with the SENCO (Special Educational Needs Coordinator), teachers, parents, and other professionals. The plan may outline specific strategies and support to manage behaviour while promoting the student's wellbeing.
- 9.4. Staff members are trained to understand the needs of students with SEND and how these may influence behaviour. This includes awareness of conditions like ADHD, autism, and emotional and behavioural difficulties, and how to respond appropriately and fairly to meet their needs.
- 9.5. The academy will work with external agencies, to better understand a student's needs and design effective behaviour management strategies that support their inclusion in the classroom.
- 9.6. While maintaining high behaviour expectations for all, the academy acknowledges that flexibility in approach is necessary to accommodate the varied needs of students with SEND. This ensures that all students can thrive in a supportive and understanding environment.
- 9.7. Children learn best to manage their self-control, behaviour and learning when they feel well supported by staff who are caring, understanding, curious and consistent. Staff will try to anticipate triggers of misbehaviour and put in place preventative measures to reduce the likelihood of a behaviour incident.
- 9.8. Staff will be supported in this by the academy's SENCO, and Pastoral manager or Behaviour support staff and will have reference to OAT's latest SEND policy and the DfE's Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools guidance<sup>3</sup> Mental health and behaviour in schools GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

# 10. Responding to positive behaviour

10.1. Children learn best when they feel safe. This can be achieved by having clear expectations and routines, consistently applied with reasonable adjustments if appropriate. All staff will aim to create a positive and supportive environment in the classroom and around the academy using positive language and relationships based on dignity and respect. This helps children to engage in and make good progress with their learning and can promote staff and child health and wellbeing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See chapter 3 – understanding the link between mental health and behaviour



- 10.2. The academy recognises that acknowledging positive behaviour encourages further positive behaviour. Communicating positive behaviours to parents can also be an effective way to motivate children to behave well.
- 10.3. When a child's behaviour meets or goes above the expected behaviour standard, staff will recognise this through positive recognition, rewards, and celebrations. This will include recognising the progress of children who require additional support with their behaviour.
- 10.4. The academy will demonstrate a fair and clear application of rewards to reinforce the routines, expectations, and norms of the academy's behaviour culture.

These are:

- Verbal praise
- Achievement points
- Communicating praise to parents via a phone call or written correspondence
- Certificates, prize ceremonies or special assemblies
- Positions of responsibility, such as Year council or being entrusted with a particular decision or project
- Performer of the week
- Recognised acts of kindness
- Star of the lesson
- Whole-class or year group rewards, such as a popular activity

# 11. Responding to behaviour that is below the expected standard

- 11.1. Staff will endeavour to create a predictable environment by always responding to behaviour that falls short of the standards in a consistent, fair, and proportionate manner, so children know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed.
- 11.2. When managing behaviour, staff apply our principles of behaviour and belonging with due consideration.
- Always a reason
- Clear is kind
- Positive regard
- 11.3 We use after school detentions as a sanction for lateness and for some other breaches of the rules. We use social time detentions as a sanction. Staff may also ask students to use their lunchtime to catch up on missed work.



# 12. Low level disruptions

- 12.1. Low level disruptions are behaviours which are not directly confrontational or challenging, but which nevertheless disrupt the teaching and learning environment. If allowed to continue, the concentration and learning of other children can be badly affected.
- 12.2. To stop any low-level disruptions escalating to more serious behaviour breaches, staff will intervene quickly and calmly using a variety of strategies and de-escalation techniques.
- 12.3. Low level disruptions can also occur outside of the classrooms, while moving around the academy and during break and lunch times. Staff, including non-teaching duty staff, will apply the same approaches and intervene quickly and calmly.

## 13. Sanctions

- 13.1. In situations of children displaying low level disruption and when misbehaviour continues, sanctions are a legitimate form of behaviour management and are used consistently and fairly.
- 13.2. Where the misbehaviour gives cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, harm. If this is the case, staff will follow the OAT Child Protection & Safeguarding policy and speak to the DSL or deputy at the earliest opportunity
- 13.3. Staff can sanction children whose behaviour falls below the standard which could reasonably be expected of them. Staff can issue sanctions any time children are in the academy or elsewhere under the charge of a member of staff, including on academy trips.
- 13.4. Sanctions must be reasonable and proportionate.
- 13.5. Following any sanction, the academy will support the child to reflect on and understand their behaviour. At the same time, staff will work together to understand a child's context as this will inform effective responses to more complex behaviours.
- 13.6. Within a lesson when a student acts in a disruptive manner or ignores instructions given by a staff member, the following steps will be taken:
  - B1 Formal Verbal warning the student is reminded of their expectations, and this is recorded on Go4Schools
  - B2 If there is continued disruption the staff member informs the student of the consequences of their disruptive behaviour. The student will be removed from the lesson by a member of the Senior Leadership team and taken to Pastoral support for a discussion and reflective conversation for the remainder of the lesson. Classroom teacher to contact home,
  - B2 x2. If a student receives a second lesson removal within a week (when learning cannot continue due to continued disruption) Pastoral Manager will again discuss student behaviour and completes reflection sheet with student. Because of a second leson removal, student will remain out of lessons,



in supervised study for the rest of the lesson and 24 hour/5 lessons. HoF to call home and record on G4S. A repair and rebuild conversation must take place before the next lesson.

- B2 x3 If a third lesson removal occurs in the same week. As above, then a fixed term suspension and member of SLT to contact home. Reintegration meeting with student and parent, prior to returning to learning.
- Call out Refusal to re-locate or extreme incident or continued poor behaviour. The student is
  removed by a member of the SLT to Supervised Study and may be internally excluded from the next
  lesson with that member of staff/subject. A Senior Leadership Detention maybe set or a longer
  period of time in Supervised study.
- See the behaviour management system below.
- Ormiston Sudbury Academy Behaviour management system

Initial requests, prior to behaviour points

Individual warnings and non-verbal signals. Whole class warnings where appropriate.

Reasonable adjustments for SEND students. Use strategies that support and that show understanding of those students diagnosed with ADHD/ASD prior to a formal behaviour point.

B1 Formal "verbal warning" and "move in classroom if appropriate" Due to disruption to learning **Record on Go4Schools** B2 "lesson removal" When learning cannot continue due to continued disruption. Student collected by a member of SLT and removed from lesson for the remainder of the lesson. Student to work in Study support (M30) and have a reset conversation with a Pastoral Manager, prior to returning to their next lesson. **Call home by Teacher** Record on Go4Schools Second B2 "lesson removal" in a week As above, initial requests and B1 When learning cannot continue due to continued disruption. Student collected by a member of SLT and removed from the lesson. Decision made by Senior Leadership Team (SLT) for student to remain in supervised study (M15) for the rest of the day/24 hour/5 lesson period. Call home by Head of Year (HoY) **Record on Go4Schools** Third B2 "lesson removal" in a week When learning cannot continue due to continued disruption. Student collected by a member of SLT and removed from the lesson. Fixed term suspension Call home by SLT link to Year group Record on Go4Schools Call out Extreme incident or poor behaviour. SLT remove student to Supervised Study or Suspension

Call home by Teacher/Head of Faculty (HoF)



R&R before next lesson. Record on Go4Schools

- Staff members will remind students that at each stage of the process they have the opportunity to amend their behaviour, rather than escalate it.
  - De-escalation techniques will be used at all times.
- Where poor behaviour continues and intervention is necessary, a three-stage progressive intervention process will be followed:
  - Stage 1 the classroom teacher will manage behaviour strategies, sanctions and the three step process outlined above ensuring all issues are recorded on G4S.
  - Stage 2 if poor behaviour persists, pastoral staff will become involved in managing the behavioural incident. Tutor, Year or Faculty report to be considered and parents/carers invited in.
  - Stage 3 serious breaches of conduct and persistent offenders will be dealt with by the Principal and/or another member of SLT. The student may be considered for 'Suffolk Pupil Support Framework' behaviour monitoring. If this is unsuccessful the student will be raised at the local In Year Fair Access Panel whereby alternative education may be sought.

### The Behaviour Management Phases including the "Reporting" Process

- Students will be identified by a combination of Tutor, Pastoral Manager, Head of Year, Behaviour Intervention Coordinator, Assistant Principals, and Vice Principals, and as a result of daily behaviour meetings/weekly Middle Leadership Team meetings, as appropriate for reporting.
- Students will be on report from a Monday to Friday, meeting with their Head of Year to collect the report on a Monday during registration. A review will take place with the Head of Year during Friday registration, the reporting cycle is three weeks.
- Once targets have been agreed, based on the behaviour issue, students carry the card to all lessons for 3 weeks. Some students may be reported on via G4S, decided on an individual basis.

#### Phase 1 – Tutor monitoring

• Where a student is gaining multiple negative behaviour points for minor infringements, at "Phase 1" of the behaviour management system: Students behavior and achievement will be monitored via SIMS by their tutor for three weeks. Tutor having daily discussion with student each day. Parents informed by telephone at this stage.

See Appendix 1 for Behaviour Management Phases

#### Phase 2 Behaviour for Learning



- Where a student has not improved their behaviour when being monitored by their tutor, continues to
  receive behaviour points within their lessons and disrupting the learning of others, they will be place
  on report for 3 weeks. Reporting to their Head of Year, Pastoral Manager or Behaviour Intervention
  Coordinator with a paper report card. The report card will have two agreed targets, with the student
  handing it to their teacher at the start of each lesson. At the end of each lesson the teacher will
  discuss student behaviour and complete the report card. Targets are recorded as "met" or "not met".
  5+ Not mets in a week result in an after hours SLT detention.
- Parents in for a meeting at this stage. (See appendix 1 for further detail)

#### **Phase 3: Intervention**

- Students' persistent failure to conduct themselves according to expectations, continued breaches of the behaviour policy will result in the following; (See appendix 1 for further detail)
- Students at this phase will also be required to engage in lessons with the Behaviour Intervention Coordinator or other external support adults as we see fit.
- Parents/Carers will meet weekly or be contacted to weekly to review student behaviour.
- Students will begin reporting via the SPSF process (Suffolk Pupil Support Framework), reporting daily to a member of SLT.

#### Phase 4: Intervention+

• Due to continued breaches and an exhaustion of support offered thus far, the student will follow a bespoke timetable within a designated space in the Academy, away from others, to minimise the negative impact on others within the community and their learning. Student will undertake a bespoke timetable, dependent on need. This may include timetabled lessons, independent study, online learning or remote learning.

#### Phase 5: IYFAP

• Student potentially remains at Phase 4 whilst awaiting outcome of IYFAP (In Year Fair Access Panel) referral whereby a managed move to another school can be arranged or specialist alternative provision.

#### Phase 6: Permanent Exclusion

• In the event that there is a serious incident or persistent breaches meaning that all systems have been exhausted, the Principal may decide that a Permanent Exclusion is appropriate.

## 13.7. Removal from classroom



- 13.8.1 Removal from classroom is a serious disciplinary sanction and will only be used once other behavioural strategies have been attempted unless the behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal.
- 13.8.2 Removal from classroom as a sanction does not include circumstances in which a child is asked to step outside the classroom briefly for a conversation with a member of staff and asked to return following this. It also does not include the use of the Well-being suite for planned intervention or therapeutic work to support with behaviour.
- 13.8.3 If a child is removed from class the academy will inform parents the same day via email. The behaviours that may lead to removal from class include the following (note this list is not exhaustive): refusal to follow instructions, disrupting learning, interrupting the teacher.
- 13.8.4 Children who are removed from class will be sent to Study Support (M30) where their education will be continued and to allow them to regain calm in a safe space. The academy will ensure that staff supervising removal areas are suitably trained to support children.
- 13.8.5 Children will remain in removal (M30 or M15) for no longer than is necessary. For most children this will be a maximum of the remainder of the lesson, the remainder of the day or a 24 hour/5 lesson period of time. However, there may be exceptional circumstances, which must be agreed by the Principal and communicated to the parents and the child in a timely manner, where children remain in removal for more extended periods.
- 13.8.6 Staff will record all incidents of removal from the classroom along with details of the incident that led to removal. The academy will monitor and analyse data daily and this may be used to provide timely intervention and support to children.
- 13.8.7 The completion of OAT's 'pre-exclusion checklist' should be completed for children who are frequently removed from class and at risk of exclusion. Leaders of behaviour should review cases of children at risk of exclusion with Lead Practitioners of Behaviour and SEND.

## 13.8. Suspension and permanent exclusion

- 13.9.1 Suspensions will be used as a last resort. However, it is acknowledged that they are sometimes necessary to ensure a calm and safe environment for all children and staff. Principals can use suspension or permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which has not improved following extensive support and intervention.
- 13.9.2 In deciding whether to issue a suspension or permanent exclusion the academy will have reference to OAT's Suspension and Exclusion policy and legislation that governs the suspension and permanent exclusion of children.
- 13.9.3 In considering suspension or exclusion the principal should ensure that, as far is appropriate, the academy's 'pre-exclusion checklist' has been considered. This will guide principals in their review of support and intervention strategies in response to misbehaviour.
- 13.9.4 Where the child has an identified special education need or disability and is receiving support at the level of School Support (SEND register) principals should ensure the relevant Education Director has been contacted for consultation before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.



- 13.9.5 If the child has a Child protection or Child in Need Plan or is a Looked after Child, principals are encouraged to consult with their Education Director before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.
- 13.9.6 Where the child has an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), SEND Lead Practitioners, in addition to the relevant Education Director will have been contacted for consultation before a decision to permanently exclude has been made.

## 14. Supporting children following a serious sanction

- 14.1. A reintegration meeting with parents and the child following an exclusion is essential for restoring relationships, rebuilding trust, and setting clear expectations for future behaviour. It allows the school to address the underlying causes of the behaviour, collaborate on support strategies, and ensure the student feels welcomed back into the learning environment. By promoting accountability and involving both parents and the student in the process, the meeting helps prevent future issues and supports a successful reintegration.
- 14.2. Use of off-site Alternative Provision is an option if suitable and available.

## 15. Alternatives to suspension and permanent-exclusion

## 15.1. Offsite direction

- 15.1.1. Off-site direction is when a governing board arranges temporary off-site provision for a child to attend another education setting to improve their behaviour. Parental agreement is not a requirement of off-site direction although it is always best practice to try and receive this. Parents should be kept informed at all stages of the process and consulted wherever possible.
- 15.1.2. Where interventions or targeted support have not been successful in improving a child's behaviour, the academy may use off-site direction to arrange time-limited placements at an Alternative Provision or another mainstream school. Children accessing this support will be dual registered.

## 15.2. Managed moves

- 15.2.1. A managed move is used to initiate a process which leads to the transfer of a child to another mainstream school permanently. This is dependent on local schools having the capacity to receive children under this process, which is not always the case. For this reason, managed moves may not be on offer in all geographical areas.
- 15.2.2. Managed moves should be voluntary and agreed with all parties involved, including the parents and the admission authority of the new school. Managed moves should only occur when it is in the pupil's best interests.



# 16. Reasonable force

- 16.1. What is reasonable force?
- The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by most teachers at some point in their career that involve a degree of physical contact with children.
- Force is usually used either to control or restrain. This can range from guiding a child to safety by the arm through to more extreme circumstances such as breaking up a fight or where a child needs to be restrained to prevent violence or injury.
- 'Reasonable in the circumstances' means using no more force than is needed.
- As mentioned above, schools generally use force to control children and to restrain them. Control means either passive physical contact, such as standing between children or blocking a child's path, or active physical contact such as leading a child by the arm out of a classroom.
- Restraint means to hold back physically or to bring a child under control. It is typically used in more extreme circumstances, for example when two children are fighting and refuse to separate without physical intervention.
- Academy staff will always try to avoid acting in a way that might cause injury, but in extreme cases it may not always be possible to avoid injuring the child.
- 16.2. Who can use reasonable force?
- All members of academy staff have a legal power to use reasonable force.
- This power applies to any member of staff at the academy. It can also apply to people whom the principal has temporarily put in charge of children such as unpaid volunteers or parents accompanying children on an academy organised visit.
- 16.3. When can reasonable force be used?
- Reasonable force can be used to prevent children from hurting themselves or others, from damaging property, or from causing disorder.
- In a school, force is used for two main purposes to control children or to restrain them.
- The decision on whether or not to physically intervene is down to the professional judgement of the staff member concerned and should always depend on the individual circumstances.
- The following list is not exhaustive but provides some examples of situations where reasonable force can and cannot be used.
- 16.4. Academies can use reasonable force to:
- remove disruptive children from the classroom where they have refused to follow an instruction to do so;
- prevent a child behaving in a way that disrupts an academy event or an academy trip or visit;
- prevent a child leaving the classroom where allowing the child to leave would risk their safety or lead to behaviour that disrupts the behaviour of others;



- prevent a child from attacking a member of staff or another child, or to stop a fight in the playground;
   and
- restrain a child at risk of harming themselves through physical outbursts.
- 16.5. Wherever possible positive handling/use of reasonable force will be carried out by trained staff who are competent in the use of a recognised behaviour management system (e.g. Team Teach).

# 17. Restraint / positive handling plans

- 17.1. Where a child's behaviour could present a significant risk of injury to themselves, other people, or property the academy will complete a risk assessment and determine if an individual child requires a positive handling plan to be put in place.
- 17.2. These plans will be developed in the child's best interests and agreed by staff, parents and the child concerned wherever possible. They will be reviewed termly or when the needs of the child change.
- 17.3. The plan will document situations that may trigger challenging behaviour and any successful preventative strategies. The plan will also document how physical intervention should be used appropriately.

# 18. Recording, reporting and responding to incidents of restraint/positive handling/use of reasonable force

- 18.1. Parents will be informed on the same day as the incident and invited into the academy to discuss the incident as soon as practicable.
- 18.2. A written review of the incident will be conducted by the principal and DSL and recorded on CPOMs within 5 working days and any positive handling plan updated as appropriate.

# 19. Behaviour outside of academy premises

- 19.1. The academy can sanction children for misbehaviour outside of the academy premises to such an extent as is reasonable. Conduct outside the academy premises, including online conduct, that might result in a sanction includes misbehaviour:
- when taking part in any academy-organised or academy-related activity
- when travelling to or from the academy
- when wearing academy uniform
- when in some other way identifiable as a child at the school
- that could have repercussions for the orderly and safe running of the academy
- that poses a threat to another child
- that could adversely affect the reputation of the academy



- 19.2. The decision to sanction a child will be lawful if it is made on the academy premises or elsewhere at a time when the child is under the control or charge of a member of staff of the academy.
- 19.3. When non-criminal poor behaviour and bullying occurs off the academy premises or online and is witnessed by a staff member or reported to the academy, the academy will:
- gather information and evidence
- take witness statements including from the alleged perpetrator
- inform parents of the incident
- inform any relevant services/agencies e.g. children's services, youth offending team]
- As long as it is reasonable in the circumstances, academy staff are permitted by law to take temporary possession of any suspected illegal substance or prohibited item.

# 20. Searching, screening and confiscation

- 20.1. Searching, screening and confiscation will be conducted in line with the DfE's <u>latest guidance on</u> <u>searching, screening and confiscation</u> and OAT's Searching, Screening and Confiscation Policy.
- 20.2. Principals and the staff they authorise have a statutory power to search a child or their possessions where they have reasonable grounds to suspect that the child may have a banned item.
- 20.3. These banned items are:
- knives and weapons
- alcohol
- illegal drugs
- stolen items
- any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be used
  - to commit an offence, or
- to cause personal injury to, or damage to property of; any person (including the child).
- tobacco and cigarette papers
- e-cigarettes or vapes
- fireworks
- pornographic images
- weapons
- 20.4. As long as it is reasonable in the circumstances, academy staff are permitted by law to take temporary possession of any suspected illegal substance or prohibited item.

## 21. Suspected criminal behaviour

21.1. If a child is suspected of criminal behaviour, the academy will make an initial assessment of whether to report the incident to the police.



- 21.2. When establishing the facts, the academy will endeavour to preserve any relevant evidence to hand over to the police.
- 21.3. If a decision is made to report the matter to the police, a member of the Senior Leadership team will make the report.
- 21.4. The academy will not interfere with any police action taken. However, the academy may continue to follow its own investigation procedure and enforce sanctions, as long as it does not conflict with police action.
- 21.5. If a report to the police is made, the DSL will make a tandem report to children's social care, if appropriate. All investigations, decisions, actions and rationale behind decisions and actions must be recorded on CPOMs.

# 22. Child on child abuse sexual violence and sexual harassment

- 22.1. Sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable, will not be tolerated and children whose behaviour falls below expectations will be sanctioned.
- 22.2. The academy will never normalise sexually abusive language or behaviour by treating it as 'banter', an inevitable fact of life or an expected part of growing up. All staff must challenge all inappropriate language and behaviour between children and ensure respectful relationships and high standards of conduct between staff and children at all times.
- 22.3. Following any report of child-on-child sexual violence or sexual harassment offline or online, the academy will follow the safeguarding principles set out in <u>Keeping children safe in education GOV.UK</u> (www.gov.uk) (KCSIE) especially Part 5. The designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) will advise on the academy's initial response. Each incident will be considered on a case-by-case basis and sanctions may be applied whilst other investigations by the police and/or children's social care are ongoing.
- 22.4. All victims will be reassured they will be supported, kept safe, and are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward. Abuse that occurs online or outside of the academy will not be downplayed and will be treated equally seriously. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment. Nor will a victim ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report or their experience minimised.

# 23. Behaviour incidents online

23.1. The academy expects the same standards of behaviour online as offline: everyone should be treated with kindness, respect and dignity. Inappropriate online behaviour including bullying, the use of inappropriate language, the soliciting and sharing of nude or semi-nude images and videos and sexual harassment will be addressed in accordance with the same principles as offline behaviour.



23.2. When an incident involves nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, staff should refer the incident to the DSL (or deputy).

# 24. Malicious allegations

- 24.1. Where a child makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will consider whether to discipline the child in accordance with this policy.
- 24.2. Where a child makes an allegation of sexual violence or sexual harassment against another child and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will consider whether to discipline the child in accordance with this policy.
- 24.3. In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the academy (in collaboration with the local authority designated officer (LADO) and OAT's safeguarding team, where relevant) will consider whether the child who made the allegation is in need of help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.
- 24.4. The academy will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and children accused of misconduct.

## 25. Mobile phones

- 25.1. At Ormiston Sudbury Academy, mobile phones are not seen or heard at all from the moment a student comes on site at the start of the academy day, until they are dismissed at the end of the day. All Year 7 students hand their mobile phone to their tutor at the start of the day and collect at the end of the day.
- 25.2. Allowing access to mobiles in the academy introduces complexity and risks, including distraction, disruption, bullying and abuse, and can be a detriment to learning. For that reason, all mobile phones must be kept in children's bags at all times during the academy day. Failure to comply will result in confiscation.
- 25.3. In exceptional circumstances, and to support individual children, a child may be permitted by the Principal to use their mobile phone during the school day as a reasonable adjustment.
- 25.4. All children in the academy will be informed about the potential reasons for exceptional use as part of the behaviour induction process.



## 26. Transition

## 26.1. Inducting incoming children

26.1.1. The academy will support incoming children to meet behaviour standards by providing an ageappropriate induction process to familiarise them with the behaviour policy and the wider school culture. This will include any children who start at the academy mid-year.

### 26.2. Preparing outgoing children for transition

26.2.1. To ensure behaviour is continually monitored and the right support is in place, information related to the behaviour issues of any child will be transferred to relevant staff at the start of the term or year.

# 27. Staff induction, development and support

- 27.1. As part of their induction process, staff at Ormiston Sudbury Academy are provided with training on managing behaviour, including training on:
- The Equalities Act and preventing disability discrimination
- Harmful Sexualised Behaviours
- Trauma informed practice
- De-escalation techniques
- Restorative communication
- The use of restraint/Team Teach
- How child protection, safeguarding, SEND and mental health needs impact behaviour
- 27.2. Behaviour management will also form part of continuing professional development.

## 28. Monitoring and evaluating academy behaviour

- 28.1. The academy will collect data on the following:
- Behavioural incidents, including removal from the classroom
- Attendance, permanent exclusion and suspension
- Use of pupil support units, off-site directions and managed moves
- Incidents of searching, screening and confiscation
- Incidents of positive handling/reasonable force
- Anonymous surveys for staff, children, governors, trustees and other stakeholders on their perceptions and experiences of the academy behaviour culture
- 28.2. The data will be analysed every day by Mr Paul Stokes, Assistant Principal. Data will be reviewed at the academy's Strategic Progress Boards and at Local Governing Body Meetings and this analysis will be used to support academies to be proactive in improving children's behaviour.
- 28.3. The data will be analysed from a variety of perspectives including:



- At academy level
- By age group
- At the level of individual members of staff
- By time of day/week/term
- By protected characteristic
- 28.4. The academy will use the results of this analysis to make sure it is meeting its duties under the Equality Act 2010. If any trends or disparities between groups of children are identified by this analysis, the academy will review its policies and practice to tackle it.

## 29. Children's Voice

- 29.1. Asking children about behaviour in the academy and the implementation of the behaviour policy is a regular feature of the academy's self-evaluation. The academy commits to listening to the voices of children and, in line with Article 12 of the <u>United Nations Convention on the Rights of the</u> <u>Child</u> (UNCRC), will provide an opportunity for all children to have a say in matters which affect them and to be involved in decisions that affect them, as far as is appropriate. At Ormiston Sudbury Academy children's views will be gathered through surveys, focus group, class discussions year council and school council meetings.
- 29.2. Children's Voice is also expressed at a trust level through the National Student Voice (NSV) and the Student Inclusion Advisory Board (SIAB), which is a subcommittee of the NSV.

# 30. Complaints

- 30.1. Complaints regarding any aspects of the Behaviour Policy will be addressed under the OAT Complaints Policy.
- 30.2. Concerns about wrongdoing at OAT academies in relation to the behaviour policy, such as malpractice, mismanagement or breach of health and safety law or any other illegal or unethical act either on the part of management, the Governing Body or be fellow employees should be raised using the Whistleblowing Policy.

Appendix 1

# **Be Respectful**

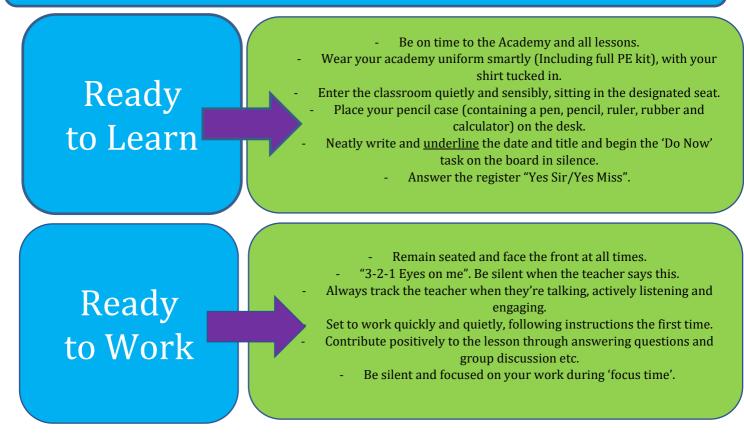
Respect yourself, others and your environment. Be polite, kind and considerate. Listen to others. Be Safe

Move quietly and calmly around the Academy. Eat and drink in the appropriate places. Be in the right place at the right time.



# Be Resilient Never give up. Try your hardest.

# **Ormiston Sudbury Academy – Behaviour for Learning Expectations**



Behaviour policy



